

evrofermer

www.evrofermer.com

ABOUT US

After 6 years on the market, EvroFermer stay true to their original goal:

YOUR SUCCESS IS OUR PURPOSE

Our philosophy emphasizes on increasing the yield of cultures, through strengthening the health of the plants, which is accomplished with correct nutrition through applying the suitable products. For this purpose, we carefully study the natural processes to stimulate, strengthen and amplify them. Through this, we offer the best agricultural decisions. We are in leading positions of rankings of companies, offering such kinds of services.

We try to always take care of the interest of both the grower and the consumer and to accomplish consistent growth and partnerships for the future.

For questions and remarks about our products don't hesitate to contact us! Young and responsible people work for us which will take care of your firm.

Trust us!

We deal with seeds, cereal and oil-bearing cultures:

- Wheat
- Barley
- Corn
- Oat
- Triticale
- Sunflower
- Coriander
- Rapeseed
- Millet
- Sorghum
- Peeled sunflower
- Sunflower pellets
- Wheat bran
- Barley bran
- High-quality flour

OUR MISSION

In the 21st century, natural resources are depleting day by day. We need to start thinking of the soil as a live system, as it is inhabited by a wide array of organisms. Additionally, it is in a constant process of composition or decomposition. The healthy organism is active! It does what it is created for and works with the correct partners. The balance of macroelements and microorganisms establishes a stable and fertile soil. EvroFermer's liquid fertilizers are the latest generation of innovative products, providing solutions for agriculture, which has to be ever so technological, productive and resistant. The plant recognizes our products as a part of its own metabolism, which makes them extremely effective! Our fertilizers are water-soluble, getting digested by the plants at a 100% and the process doesn't depend on the environment because of the MCT - molecular chelation technology - chelates are chemicals, which form water-soluble complexes with certain metal ions. Through the inhibition of ions, chelates stop them from reacting with other elements or ions, preventing the formation of sediments and sludge and clogging of the nozzles of drip systems. This chelation does not only prevent the products with a large number of compositions to react with each other, but also creates products, which dramatically increase the gains for the plant, with no regards of the differences in pH of the soil and weather conditions on the field.

Choose EvroFermer to see the difference in quality.

FULVASIT 24





Total organic substance	30%
Ν	2%
Ν	1%
K ₂ 0	3%
Humic + fulvic acid	24%
рН	5.4 - 7.4

 Acts as a protein for the plants 100% organic biologically certificated product.

- Care for the soil, not for a certain culture.
- High germination when treating the seeds.

Helps the formation of a voluminous root system. Helps the organic structure of

- the soil and the biological life in it.
- Increases the resistance of the fruit, their form and colour.
- Increases yield.

Fulvasit 24 is a step towards realizing the full potential of the genetics of a plant. Fulvasit 24 contains live celluloseeating bacteria - Bacillus Subtilis and Bacillus Megaterium. Bacillus Megaterium helps convert the Nitrogen into easily digestible for the plant. The breathing caps of the product and the presence of vitamin A, D and E maintain the vital functions of the bacteria

SPRAYING WITH FULVASIT

The ion pump activates when spraying with Fulvasit, which increases the

stabolism of the plant, which leads to more active digesting of the micro d macro elements in the soil. This increases the resistance to dryness, cause this way the plant has higher capacity of digestion. When raying with Fulvasit, it is recommended to use pesticides, because it vers the stress of phytotoxicity of the fertilizer in the plant.

e humic and fulvic acids are an essential factor of the chelating of minerals, because of the poly-electrolytes and colloids, which capture and charge positively the minerals in the soil, which leads to easier passing through the cell membranes. This, in turn, leads to a more complete digestion of the nutrients. Because of this mechanism, we can save up to 30% of the application of mineral fertilizers.

THE SOIL

 Converts big amounts of non-digestible elements into easily-digestible for the plants.

 Increases the guality of soil structure, which leads to easier agro-echnology and higher hygroscopic properties (moisture conservation). Less soil erosion.

- Speeds up the decomposition of plant residue in the soil.
- Increases the density of useful microorganisms in the soil.
- Saves up to 30% of application of mineral fertilizers.

• After processing of the nutrients in the soil to digestible by the bacteria which are present in Fulvasit, the contents of humus restrict the fertilizer from washing away for a longer period.

PLANTS

Better fed and resistant to laying down

• Longer storage and maintain the market look for the ready production.

- Increased resistance to dryness.
- Increased resistance to cold.
- Increased resistance to phytopathogens.
- Lower stress of phytotoxicity from pesticides.
- Lowers stress of physiological factors, such as big
- temperature amplitudes and others.
- Can be applied with all cultures.
- Stimulates photosynthesis.
- Accumulation of sugars and digestion of vitamins.
- The calcium complex in the product eases the consumption
- of food, which leads to a bigger amount of material in the fruit.



Rich on phytohormones which:

increase the intensity of

affects cell division(root

- facilitate germination

photosyntesis

growth)

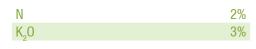
harden the stem



EVRO ROOT

EVRO FLOWER





 Bigger percentage of germination of the seeds

- Can be used in bio-agriculture
- Helps to digest the elements from the water and soilBreaking down of the calcium
- helps to improve the pH of the soil
- Improves the structure of the soil and decreases the levels of salt in it
- Helps to digest the
- microelements from the soil
- Increases the organic and helps the growth of the root system
- Increases the activity of microorganisms
- Faster development and more yield

The nitrogen is a fundamental part of the proteins and chlorophyll. Its action is best seen through the vigorous growth of vegetative mass. Plants which are well-fed with nitrogen, have dark green leaves. Nitrogen increases the yield and improves the quality of production.

Potassium is an important factor for creating the turgor and osmotic pressure in the plants. Potassium is crucial in photosynthesis and the formation of the fruit. The need of potassium in plants is especially high in a moist environment with not enough sun. In these conditions, potassium increases the resistance to fungus sickness and affects positively the early growth. When there is a deficiency of potassium, the growth is stumped, brown spots are formed on • The Boron enhances the blooming process.

- Helps to digest the substances
- Helps the pollination of the blossom.
- Increases yield and oil in oilbearing cultures.
- Used before flowering.
- Prevents the blossom from falling off and prevents deformation of the fruit.

 Maintains the levels of oxygen throughout the period of blooming.

 Phosphorus is for strengthening and feeding all flower buds. Boron is a building element and it plays a role in the cell division and their development, as well as in the development of the reproductive organs. Increases the resistance to sickness and harmful influences. The Boron helps the pollination of the blossoms and stimulates the growth of the root system. It's presence leads to more fruit buds, maturity with bigger quantities of flowers, the fruit, better yield and higher quality. Deficiency of Boron leads to injuries to the roots, vegetative tips and the young leaves. There are deformations on the stem, the young leaves and the fruit. When there is a deficiency of Boron, the processes of pollination and fertilizat are compromised. The symptoms ar seen from bottom to top and when tl reach the vegetative tip, it contracts.





Contents

Ν	5%
P ₂ O ₅	5%
B	5%
Cu	0.1%

EVRO MOVER

EVRO BLANCE



The Amino-nitrogen which it contains helps the plants to turn it into proteins

- Helps the balance in the growth and the good
- development of the root system Prevents yellowing and closing
- of the leaves, rotting of the fruit Helps the plants to grow fruit
- at the same time
- Shortens the distance between joints, which prevents
- the plant from laying down
- Doesn't wash away quickly from the soil when watering and high moisture
- Prevents dipping of stems when growing
- Stimulates photosynthesis

The calcium eases the digestion of Nitrogen. The need for calcium is shown early in the germination process. Plays an important role in the growth of the root system. It is crucial in the process of photosynthesis, participates in other important physiological processes for the plant. Usually the first intensively affected part is the growing tissue of the plant. With older leaves, calcium deficiency symptoms are rare. Deficiency of calcium leads to blockage of some microelements like Iron(Fe), Zinc(Zn), Manganese(Mn), Copper(Cu), and others.

Magnesium is a part of the molecule of chlorophyll. Magnesium plays a crucial role in the movement of Phosphorus in the plants, activates some enzymes, accelerates the

rmation of carbohydrates, affects the processes in the tissue of the ants. When there's a deficiency, the contents of chlorophyll decrease. Interveinal chlorosis is observed, starting from the tips of the old leaves. The venation stays green, but the chlorotic regions change from yellow to brown. The leaves become fragile and necrotic and can fall off prematurely. Yield could be heavily reduced.

Helps to digest the microelements evenly _ pH - 6

Can be applied by spraying in every stage of the vegetation Increases tillering in cereal

- cultures Prevents yellowing and deformation of leaves
- Prevents sickness due to contents of Zinc, Boron, Iron, and Manganese.

Iron (Fe) - although the amount of Iron in plants is low, it is crucial in the digestion of nutrients. It plays a role in the oxidation processes, which produce energy from starch and enzymes. It also plays a role in the synthesis of proteins, helps the process of breathing and disintegrating the nitrates to ammoniac in the plant. Plants use the iron in small quantities, but throughout the full vegetation period. In the case of Iron deficiency, an interveinal chlorosis of the new leaves can be observed. In heavier cases of deficiency, leaves

become extremely pale. Iron deficiency leads to a delayed maturation, reduced yields and decreased quality of production.

Zinc (Zn) - The plant uses Zinc for every physical or chemical process which run while it is growing. Similar to most microelements, Zinc is stationary, which means that the symptoms of deficiency will show on the new and young leaves. The affected new leaves are smaller in siz often bent upwards or crooked. Distance between joints shorten, givir the plant a "rosette" look, the buds develop badly, which results in aborted flowers.

Manganese is an element with a major significance for the production of chlorophyll and optimal photosynthesis. Helps the nitrogenous and carbohydrate metabolism and reduces the oxidation processes in the plants. It mixes with the microelements Copper(Cu), Iron(Fe), Zinc(Zn) to help the growth processes. Manganese plays a major role in the digestion and the state of Iron in the plants. Manganese deficiency usually shows by observing spotted chlorosis on the leaves. Most often the deficiency of Manganese is accompanied by deficiencies of Iron, Copper, and Zinc. Affected leaves can develop small red-brownish spots.



Contents

Ν	8%
CaO	5%
Mg	2%
В	0.02%
Fe	0.1%
Cu	0.05%
Mn	0.05%
Zn	0.1%
(fully chelated	oy EDTA)



Contents

В	0.75%
Fe	2.5%
Cu	0.5%
Mn	2%
Zn	3%
Мо	0.025%
(fully chelated by EDTA)	

EVRO STEP

EVRO N-X



Ν	10%
$P_{2}O_{5}$	31%
B	0.02%
Cu	0.05%
Fe	0.1%
Mn	0.05%
Мо	0.01%
Zn	0.1%
(fully chelated by EDTA)	

- Helps the development of the root system
- Good results in dry regions and years
- Protects the plant from stress
- Helps to form good fruit
- Abundance of macro and microelements
- Easier digestion of nutrients from the plants

Phosphorus is a part of multiple processes, like breathing, photosynthesis, cell division. These processes define the growth, development and productivity of the plant. Phosphorus has an important role as a mean to remove unwanted results from excessive nitrogen feeding: reduces the elongation of active vegetation, creates less risk for cereal cultures to dip or lay down. In case of Phosphorus deficiency, the symptoms observed are delayed growth, leaves becoming purple. When the deficiency is not huge, which is most often seen, external symptoms can't be observed, but the maturation of plants is delayed, the yield decreases and the quality worsens.

 Prevents burning when incorrectly applying, so it can be used with other chemicals

- Meets the plants' Nitrogen needs
- Prevents incorrect
- development or delays in growth
 Helps the fruit to become large, well-formed and with bright flowers.

During vegetation, the Nitrogen in the plants is concentrated in the growing vegetative organs. The plants need Nitrogen the most while the leaves are growing. Deficiency of Nitrogen negatively affects the growth and development of the plant. When applying the correct amounts of chelated Nitrogen, in the period of formation of the fruit, we actively stimulate the accumulation of raw substance which considerably increases the quality of production and its long-term storage.





Contents

Ν	27%
$P_{2}O_{5}$	31%
B	0.05%
Cu	0.05%
Mn	0.01%
Zn	0.1%
(fully chelated by EDTA)	

EVRO GUARD

EVRO AGROWET



 Protects from sicknesses, mites and malicious fungi

- Helps the formation of more flower buds and increases the yield
- Facilitates photosynthesis
- Balanced transport of nutrients from the root to the leaves and the fruit
- Products with considerable amounts of Potassium and Sulfur
- Used after the formation of the fruit because of its fungicidal effect

Potassium stimulates the normal execution of photosynthesis, heightens the amounts of carbohydrates transported from leaves to other organs of the plant, as well as increasing the synthesis of sugars. Potassium positively affects the yield and the guality of the production. Plants become more resilient towards low temperatures, fungal and bacterial sicknesses. Potassium deficiency causes a lot of errors in the metabolism of plants, carbohydrates loss is increased, root growth is held up, the fruit stays small, deformed and badly colored. The quality of the yield worsens.

ulfur, together with Nitrogen, is a building block of the proteins, which lakes it important for the plants. Helps the activity of enzymes and tamins, and is necessary for the formation of chlorophyll. In addition, ulfur is extremely important for the effective digestion of Nitrogen. -ymptoms of deficiency look a lot like Nitrogen deficiency – pale green, bordering with yellow coloration of the leaves, with the difference that with Sulfur, the chlorosis is observed first with the young leaves, while with Nitrogen- the first affected leaves are the old ones. Plants are small with elongated stems, the maturation of cereal is delayed, the fruit doesn't become fully ripe, the yield is reduced. Improves adhesion and increases the retention of the work solution.

Fastens and eases the penetration of the herbicide in the plants and its effectiveness in unfavorable conditions, such as low temperature, dryness, high temperatures and others.
Ensures the even distribution

of active substances in the plant. • Water hardness doesn't affect

effectiveness.

Agrowet has the property of lowering the surface pressure of the work solution. This way, it does not drain in the form of drops on the treated surface, but creates an even "film" on it. Increases adhesion and facilitates the penetration of active substances in the plant tissue. This way the herbicide's effect is increased in performance and speed. This is especially important in the periods, when the weeds have a slowed down metabolism, because of unfavorable weather conditions or weeds, whose surface is difficult to moisten, because of abundant wax coating or trichomes.





Dose

fungicides, acaricides, insecticides and leaf fertilizers herbicides when flying 10 - 20 ml/ 100 l of water

25 ml/100 l of water 50 ml/100 l of water

NEMATOFER



The dose is 1,400 lt/da soil.

- Perfect nematode control
- Ускорява кореновия растеж. Harmless to the user and the
- environment Easy application through drip
- systems Safe application throughout
- the full life cycle of the plant.

Creates effective control at any given time over all of the phases of the nematode. In combination with unparalleled natural bacteria and organic nutrients, it encourages the growth of the root system and increases the yield. Nematofer's hormonal enzymes destroy the eggs and the complex effect of fluorine destroys the nematodes.







ЗА ПУСКАНЕ НА ПАЗАРА И УПОТРЕБА НА ТОРОВЕ, ПОДОБРИТЕЛИ НА ПОЧВАТА, БИОЛОГИЧНО АКТИВНИ ВЕЩЕСТВА И ХРАНИТЕЛНИ СУБСТРАТИ

Рег. № 0144

Наименование на продукта: "ФУЛВАСИТ 24" Производител: "Туа Таръм Санайи Ве Тиджарет ЛТД., Истанбул Притежател на удостоверението за регистрация: "Лидия Спорт" ООД, гр. Хасково ЕИК 202234267

Вид на продукта: ОРГАНИЧЕН ТОР

Състав: Органично вещество - 30%; Общ Азот - 2%; Органичен Азот - 1%; Калиев оксид - 3%; Хуминови и фулво киселини - 24%; Вода - 40%; pH - 5,4-7,4 Приложение на продукта: Органичен тор, който подобрява асрацията на почвата. Ускорява развитието на културите и развитието на кореновата система. Доза на приложение: Прилага се листно, почвено и чрез капково напояване при: Пшеница, ечемик, овес – прилага се Във фаза братене в доза 200 мл/дка, Рапица – прилага се в началото на формиране на розетката в доза 200 мл/дка. Нахут, леща, фасул - прилага се през вегетация в доза 200 мл/дка. Слънчоглед, царевица – прилага се преди сеитба и при височина на растенията 15-20 см в доза 200-500 мл/дка.

Домати, чушки, патладжан, краставици - прилага се след засаждане и 15 дни след това в доза 200 мл/дка.

Лук, чесън – прилага се при височина на културата 10-15 см в доза 200 мл/дка Пъпеш, диня, тиква - прилага се след засаждане на разсада и 15 дни след това в доза 200 мл/дка

Захарно цвекло, картофи, моркови, ряпа - прилага се преди засаждане и при височина на растенията 15-20 см е доза 200-500 мл/дка. Зеле, спанак, маруля, магданоз, рукола - прилага се преди разсаждане или 10-15 дни

след поникване в доза 200 мл/дка

Ягоди – прилага се преди цъфреж и 15 дни след това в доза 200 мл/дка Памук – прилага се преди образуване на пашкули в доза 200 мл/дка

200 мл/дка

Цитруси – прилага се преди цъфтеж и след прибиране на реколтата в доза 200 мл/дка Лозя – прилага се преди набъбване на пъпките и преди цъфтеж в доза 200 мл/дка Кайсия праскова, череши, вишни и сливи- прилага се преди цъфтеж и след прибиране на реколтата в доза 200 мл/дка

Бадеми, орехи, лешници, фъстъци – прилага се преди цъфтеж в доза 200 мл/дка Маслини – прилага се преди цъфтеж в доза 200 мл/дка Зелени площи – прилага се през вегетация в доза 200 мл/дка

МИНИСТЕРСТВО НА ЗЕМЕДЕЛИЕТО И ХРАНИТЕ

БЪЛГАРСКА АГЕНЦИЯ ПО БЕЗОПАСНОСТ НА ХРАНИТЕ

⊠Гр. София, 1606, бул. "Пенчо Славейков" № 15А 🖀 +359 (0) 2 915 98 20, 🛱 +359 (0) 2 954 95 93, www.babh.government.bg

УДОСТОВЕРЕНИЕ

Ябълки, круши, дюля – прилага се преди цъфтеж и след прибиране на реколтата в доза

)-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-Прилага се със системи за капково напояване в доза 500-1000 мл/дка. Особени изисквания или ограничения: Преди смесване с продукти за растителна защита

Удостоверението се издава на "Лидия Спорт" ООД, гр. Хасково във връзка със заявление Вх. № 5812 от 05.04.2016 г. при БАБХ на фирма "Лидия Спорт" ООД, гр. Хасково на основание чл. 132, ал. 4, т. 1 и чл. 134, ал. 2, ал. 5 от Закона за защита на растенията и Заповед № РД 11-1215 от 05.07.2016 година на изпълнителния директор на БАБХ.

да се извърши тест за смесимост.

ИЗПЪЛНИТЕЛЕН ДИРЕКТОР НА БАБХ: AKZ д-р дамян илиев

На основание чл.6, ал.1, т.14 от Закона за защита на растенията Българската агенция по безопасност на храните поддържа и актуализира. публичен регистър на страница: http://www.babh.government.bg с разрешените за пускане на пазара и употреба регистрирани тор подобрители на почвата, биологично активни вещества и хранителни субстрати.

WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS, RICE

	UREA % 46 10 kg/da	UREA % 46 20 kg/da
ROOT/FULVASIT 24 0.4 lt/da		MOVER 0.2 lt/da

OILSEED RAPE

	UREA % 46	AS (21N - 24S)	UREA % 46
	20 lt/da	20 kg/da	20 kg/da
ROOT/FULVASIT 24	FLOWER	FULVASIT 24	MOVER
0.4 lt/da	0.3 lt/da	0.3 lt/da	0.2 lt/da

MAIZE

	YN		1 the	
15-15-15 NPK 40 kg/da	UREA % 46 10 kg/da			
ROOT/FULVASIT 24 1 lt/da	STEP 0.3 lt/da	Blance 0.3 lt/da	N-X 2 lt/da	

SUNFLOWER



ROOT/FULVASIT 24	STEP	FLOWER	
0.5 lt/da	0.3 lt/da	0.3 lt/da	



20 kg/da GUARD 0.2 lt/da









SOFT FRUITS (STRAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES)



TOP FRUIT (APPLE, PEAR)

Ser.							
ROOT & FULVASIT 24 2 lt/da	STEP 0.5 lt/da		FULVASIT 24 2 lt/da	MOVER 2 lt/da	N-X 2 lt/da	N-X 2 lt/da	FULVASIT 24 2 lt/da
MOVER 0.3 lt/da	FLOWER 0.3 lt/da	FLOWER 0.3 lt/da	BLANCE 0.3 lt/da	N-X 2 lt/da	GUARD 0.3 lt/da	GUARD 0.3 lt/da	

STONE FRUIT (PLUM, CHERRY)

	K	AND A	A	H.S.		
	JLVASIT 24	FLOWER	FULVASIT 24	N-X	MOVER	FULVASIT 24
	t/da	0.3 lt/da	0.5 lt/da	2 lt/da	0.3 lt/da	0.3 lt/da
BLANCE	STEP	N-X		MOVER	GUARD	BLANCE
0.5 lt/da	0.5 lt/da	2 lt/da		0.3 lt/da	0.3 lt/da	0.3 lt/da

VEGETABLES (TOMATO, CUCUMBER, PEPPER, EGGPLANT)

			-					
ROOT & FULVASIT 24 2 lt/da	FULVASIT 24 0.3 lt/da	FULVASIT 24 0.3 lt/da	FULVASIT 24 0.3 lt/da	FULVASIT 24 0.3 lt/da	N- 1 lt	-X /da		
STEP 0.5 lt/da	BLANCE 0.3 lt/da	FLOWER 0.3 lt/da	FLOWER 0.3 lt/da	MOVER 0.3 lt/da	MOVER 0.3 lt/da	GUARD 0.3 lt/da	MOVER 0.3 lt/da	GUARD 0.3 lt/da

GRAPE



ROOTS (ONION, CARROT, RADISH, CELERY)

	A		
15-15-15	STEP	FULVASIT 24	N-X
20 kg/da	0.3 lt/da	0.3 lt/da	1 lt/da
ROOT/FULVASIT 24	FULVASIT 24	MOVER	FLOWER
1 lt/da	0.3 lt/da	0.3 lt/da	0.3 lt/da

VEGETABLE BRASSICA (BROCCOLI, CABBAGE, BRUSSEL SPROUTS, CAULIFLOWER)

	7/1		10 (1 10 (1 10 (1)	
15-15-15	FLOWER	FULVASIT 24	N-X	N-X
20 kg/da	0.3 lt/da	0.3 lt/da	0.5 lt/da	0.5 lt/da
ROOT & FULVASIT 24	FULVASIT 24	N-X	BLANCE	MOVER
1 lt/da	0.2 lt/da	0.5 lt/da	0.3 lt/da	0.2 lt/da

Contact us for an individual fertilizer program. Depending on the climate in your region, the soil type and the culture you are cultivating.





0.3 lt/da



CONTACTS

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